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VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

OPEN TO ALL PARTIES, BUT INFLUENCED BY NONE.

WILLIAMSBURG: PRINTED BY CLEMENTINA RIND.

All Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year. ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inserted for 3*s.* the first Week, and 2*s.* each Time after; long ones in Proportion.——PRINTING WORK, of every Kind, executed with Care and Dispatch.

MRS. RIND,

YOU may be assured that it is far from being an inconsiderable number of your customers who transmit the enclosed instruction to their representatives for your publication; that although they should be alone, they may endeavour to record by their gratitude, in the future history of the present disputes with America, so rare an instance among the dignified in the established church, as that of a bishop's officially admonishing the acting if not the active ministers of government, of that national duty UNANIMITY, which ought to be cultivated by every particular department; and we make no doubt but that so singular a deserving of the sincere acknowledgments of his fellow subjects, by his good will towards them, will hereafter be rewarded with that most comfortable of all commendations, *Well done thou good and faithful servant*, &c.

To Robert Wormeley Carter and Francis Lightfoot Lee, esquires, representatives in assembly for the county of Richmond.

Dear gentlemen,

Had we the pen of angels, it could not be more willingly or more usefully employed than on the present most grateful as well as interesting occasion, in which we are now engaging you our representatives in assembly, by these our respectful instructions; and we persuade ourselves that nothing could attract your attention and duty with a more active cordiality to oblige than thus to see the body of your constituents so ardently recommending to your earnest endeavours that the unfeigned thanks of the house of burgesses, in which you bear so worthy a part, be given, at your next meeting in assembly, to the right reverend father in God the LORD BISHOP of ST. ASOPH, for that inimitable and never to be forgotten sermon preached in England by his lordship before the society for the propagation of the gospel; in which with such a masterly force of argument, and such an eloquent expressiveness, almost emboldening us to think it inspiration, he has so officially as well as affectionately recommended to the British administration, by every mild and well tempered measure, to conciliate and restore to its happy situation that confidence in unanimity between Great Britain and her American colonies, which did so uninterruptedly subsist for ages almost, till the evil day of some late unhappy proceedings of so dangerous a tendency, that if suffered to continue, must effect a most disagreeable blush in the annals of the British empire. And as we humbly conceive that neither peace nor concord (unless slavery shall mistake its own feelings, and forget its chains) can ever be cultivated in minds shackled in their natural rights, those liberties to which every Briton seems to be immediately entitled, as of inheritance at his birth; a steady preservation of the freedom of the subject becomes so essential to the re-establishment of that union that we cannot sufficiently admire such divine sentiments, without farther desiring, through your endeavours, gentlemen, that his lordship of St. Asoph may be addressed to direct his bookseller to transmit, at the expence of this colony, so many copies of that sermon, so replete with the harmonious policy of the constitution, as the house, in their wonted prudence, shall think proper; that the animating wisdom, and social endeavour, conspicuously moving in it, may be impressed for ages yet to come on the hearts of every dutiful, every faithful, and every loyal subject in Virginia. We are, gentlemen,

YOUR MOST RESPECTFUL CONSTITUENTS.

ST. VINCENT, *October* 23.

THE bill which was preferred in the high court of chancery against the honourable Josias Jackson for non-payment of his majesty's quitrents, according to the instructions of the lords of the treasury to the honourable Archibald Ingram, receiver general of the quitrents, fines, forfeitures, casualties, &c. is dismissed, at the request of Mr. Jackson, paying the debt and costs. The dispute between the crown and the subject is, whether the king has a right, by his prerogative, to set a value on the foreign gold passing current in the colony; and whether the receiver general can refuse taking bills of exchange for the quitrents, at the rate they sell at. The crown lawyers say, the king has, by his prerogative, a special power of legitimating the foreign gold passing current in the colony, and giving it its denominated value; but the receiver cannot refuse receiving it in his master's coin. The grand jury looking upon it as an act of imposition and oppression, accordingly presented the receiver general at the last sessions for extortion, and a bench warrant was granted; but the crown lawyers, according to the usual practice at home, entered a *noli prosequi*, and thus stands that important matter at present.

November 13. On Saturday last an armed schooner, under Spanish colours, was cruizing on the coast of this island, with an intent, as is supposed, to steal negroes; but being pursued from Prince's Bay, in a sloop belonging to Evan Baillie, esquire, she crouded all the sail she could, and with a fresh breeze stood away to the south west, while the sloop lay becalmed under the land. Her boat (which had come ashore under pretence of getting water) with three of her hands, were left ashore; and they have been since apprehended and committed to gaol. There are six negroes on board the pirate, who were stolen from Tobago.

BASSETERRE (St. Christopher's) *December* 8.

One day last week died, at Tortola, the honourable Alexander Home, esquire, deputy governor of that island. This gentleman, with an irreproachable character, was many years searcher in the customs for the port of Basseterre in this island, and, upon the death of Mr. Purcell, deputy governor of Tortola, succeeded that gentleman by a special commission from the king. Had he lived longer, it is more than probable he would have seen perfected his favourite scheme of having a proper legislation, upon constitutional principles, established in Tortola, as he was the first who proposed the application to his excellency Sir Ralph Payne for that purpose. His private character always stood the test against the most scrutinizing eye of malignity, and his humanity yielded to few. He died, as all good men would wish to die, universally beloved.

We hear from Antigua that the Chatham man of war and a frigate are preparing to sail for Cat Island, to take possession of it, as belonging to the crown of Great Britain.

KINGSTON (Jamaica) *January* 22.

On Tuesday morning, about two o'clock, was felt in this town a smart shock of an earthquake, preceded by a hollow rumbling noise like distant thunder; the direction was from south east to the north west, the duration of the shock not more than 15 seconds, but a vibration of the earth was sensibly perceived a considerable time after.

CHARLESTOWN, *March* 1.

The Cherokee Indians have given the strongest assurances of their peaceable disposition; in consequence of which the alarmed inhabitants of our western frontiers are mostly returned to their settlements, and have erected twelve stockade forts for their future security should any disagreement happen.

There have been no new alarms on the side of the Creeks. The headmen of that nation continue to disavow their having given any countenance to the late outrages, and express much concern thereat. They have declared that they do not want war, that they have war enough with the Chactaws, against whom a great part of their nation are gone; that as the white people began, and there had been blood spilt on both sides, they hoped matters might be the more easily accommodated; and that the party of mad young men, who committed the murders, should be called in.

All the settlements near Ogeachie, in Georgia, would have been totally abandoned had not Mr. Galphin been indefatigable in collecting and encouraging the fugitives to return and build forts, amongst whom he stayed 15 days, while he sent into, and till he obtained satisfactory intelligence from the Creek nation.

March 8. On the 22d ult. 260 passengers arrived here, from the north of Ireland, intending to settle in this province.

On the 14th ult. the sloop Jamaica Packet, Tines, belonging to this port, was lost on the Gun Key, in the Gulph of Florida. Part of the crew and sails were taken up and brought in here by captain Tompson, of the brig Neptune, from Jamaica.

The general assembly of this province met here last Tuesday, and is now sitting.

We learn that his honour the lieutenant governor has received no orders for opening the land office again.

Alexander Garden, M. D. of this town, is elected a fellow of the royal society of London.

The following is the speech of his honour WILLIAM BULL, esquire, lieutenant governor and commander in chief in and over his majesty's said province, to the general assembly met at CHARLESTOWN on Tuesday, March 1, 1774.

Honourable gentlemen of his majesty's council, Mr. speaker, and gentlemen of the assembly,

The several murders which have been committed by a party of the Creek Indians in Georgia, on the 24th of December, 14th and 23d of January last, gave room to apprehend that a general war with that nation was almost inevitable. The first accounts thereof naturally spread alarms in this province; I immediately gave orders to reinforce the garrison of Fort Charlotte; I encouraged the building of stockade forts along our southern and western frontiers, to afford a safe retreat to the women and children, and sent ammunition to Ninety Six, and ordered it to be distributed from thence and Fort Charlotte to the poorest of the militia, that they should be under no necessity of abandoning their settlements for want of it. The militia are doing scouting duty, by divisions, on the banks of Savannah river, that the rest of the inhabitants may attend their affairs in some security. Sir James Wright, governor of Georgia, and Mr. Stuart, his majesty's superintendant for Indian affairs, inform me that the Creek nation in general disavow these outrages, and blame the rashness of the few Indians who perpetrated them, and hope that no more mischief will be done. But as, according to the treaties subsisting between the English and Indians, each nation are to punish such of their people as shall commit any murder or crimes against the other, it is just that satisfaction should be made by the Indians; it is necessary, that they may be deterred from a repetition of such in future. With this view Sir James Wright has applied to me for assistance, to enable him to take satisfaction, in case it should be refused, as that province alone is scarce equal to the undertaking. It is his majesty's pleasure, and our duty, that such aid should be given, in such case, as the condition and safety of this province can spare. I therefore recommend this matter to your serious consideration, as, with an assurance of our assistance, Sir James Wright will be able to speak with an higher tone in the conference soon to be held with the headmen of the Creek Indians upon these matters, and they may be more disposed to give satisfaction, if they see that the infraction of treaties, or injuries done to one province, will be resented by the neighbouring province. I shall not mention, at present, other matters relating to the welfare of the province, but propose them hereafter, as occasion may offer.

Mr. speaker, and gentlemen of the assembly,

As by the scouting parties on the frontiers, some tranquility is enjoyed by the other inhabitants, it is reasonable the burthen of that service should be borne by the province in general; I therefore recommend that provision be made for two or three small companies of rangers, to be employed therein until this difference with the Indians is settled. I must desire you to make the provision for all these measures, not only expeditiously but effectually; for although all at present is quiet, from hopes entertained by the Indians that, on their promising no further mischief shall be done, what is past will be overlooked, yet hostile insursions of the enemy may be expected, when they find a satisfaction, which will be honourable to the English name, and secure our future tranquility, will be premptorily required, and they may not incline to give it.

Honourable gentlemen of his majesty's council, Mr. speaker, and gentlemen of the assembly,

At this important conjuncture, unanimity and dispatch are particularly necessary. You may be assured that I shall do every thing on my part to carry into immediate execution every measure you shall advise for the king's service, and the honour and safety of this province, and communicate the same to Sir James Wright, without loss of time.

To the honourable WILLIAM BULL, *esquire, lieutenant governor and commander in chief in and over his majesty's said province.*

The humble address of the upper house of assembly.

May it please your honour,

We his majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, the upper house of assembly, beg leave to address your honour on your speech delivered yesterday to both houses. The murders lately committed by a party of the Creek Indians in Georgia gave the justest reason to apprehend a general war with that nation must be the consequence; and although we rejoice to find, from the information communicated to your honour by Sir James Wright and Mr. Stuart, that the nation in general disavow those outrages, and blame the rashness of a few young men who perpetrated them; we return your honour our thanks for the immediate and well adapted measures taken by your honour to quiet the alarm spread through the frontiers, and to enable the inhabitants to repel the depredations of those barbarians, if on the more favourable approaching season they should attempt to renew their hostile incursions. We concur in opinion with your honour that justice and policy both require that adequate satisfaction, as stipulated by treaty, should be made by the Indians for the outrages already committed; and we assure your honour, that in case of a refusal on their parts, this house will zealously adopt such measures as will not only compel them thereto, but deter them from such attempts for the future; and whatever other matters, relative to the welfare of the province, which your honour shall be pleased at any time to propound to our consideration, shall meet with due attention and regard.

THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR'S ANSWER.

Honourable gentlemen,

I give you my cordial thanks for this address. I am happy that you approve the measures I have taken to quiet the alarm spread on our frontiers. My best endeavours are due, and are always devoted to the service of this province. The zeal which you express to adopt all such measures as shall be necessary on the present occasion, and to give a due attention to such other matters as I shall propound, demand my warmest acknowledgments.

The lower house of assembly also addressed his honour upon the same subject, and received a very cordial answer.

BOSTON, *March* 10.

Sunday laſt arrived, in 9 weeks from London, captain Gorham, in the brig Fortune, owned here, having on board 28½ cheſts of the India company's tea, conſigned to ſundry perſons in this town.

The owners have publiſhed the following account, viz. that they gave expreſs orders to their correſpondents in London, that none of the Eaſt India company's tea ſhould on any terms be ſhipped on board the ſaid veſſel however advantageous the offer, or great the loſs on the voyage. That on the veſſel's arrival at Boſton, they, the owners, freely and publicly declared their willingneſs to ſend her back, loaded as ſhe was, to London, and run the riſk of her being ſeized; but that many of the goods on board being much wanted in Boſton, it was propoſed to take thoſe out, and take the tea only back in the veſſel; that ſhe was accordingly reported at the cuſtom-houſe, and a permit obtained for landing all the goods except the tea; but that notwithſtanding all that could be ſaid to the cuſtomhouſe officers, they abſolutely refuſed to furniſh the papers neceſſary to authorize her return with the tea on board. This determination being publicly known ſoon after, a number of men, having the appearance of Indians, entered the veſſel, took out the tea, emptied every cheſt overboard, and effectually deſtroyed the whole; after which they peaceably retired, without doing any further damage.

A report currently prevails, we know not on what authority, that general Murray is appointed to the government of this province, in the room of governor Hutchinſon; if ſo, through our laſt three governors, *excellency* will probably have riſen to the ſuperlative degree.

By captain Gorham we are informed that the Philadelphia reſolves, and the proceedings of the people with the conſignees at Liberty Tree, were received and publiſhed in the London papers; that orders have been diſpatched, in the courſe of the laſt week, to Ireland, for the immediate embarkation of three regiments to be ſent to Boſton and New York; and that the latter end of December ſome advices were received at Lord Dartmouth's office, from Boſton, in New England, which were kept a profound ſecret.

Governor Hutchinſon has refuſed the ſeveral applications to him from the honourable houſe of repreſentatives for the removal of Peter Oliver, eſquire, from the office of chief juſtice of this province; on which account the houſe ſent up to the council a committee who impeached that gentleman of high crimes ond miſdemeanors. Mr. Oliver formerly received a ſalary, as chief juſtice, from the aſſembly, but having given the houſe to underſtand his reſolution for the future to accept a ſalary, which has been granted to him by his majeſty for his ſervices as chief juſtice, and was to be paid out of the American revenue, the repreſentives of the people have, from this determination, been induced thus to proceed againſt the chief juſtice.

Governor Hutchinſon has prorogued the great and general court to the 15th of April next.

Extracts of letters from a French miniſter in London.

"About a year ago a grand trial was depending in France, in which all the proteſtants were concerned. A colonel in the French army, a profeſſed proteſtant, made addreſs to a proteſtant lady of great family and fortune; her friends were very cautious, took all ſteps they could that the marriage might be ſecure, and the eſtate ſettled on the heirs of her body; they were married, a daughter born, and he was congratulated by officers in the army on the birth. He deſired of the king leave to be abſent from the army ſome time at Paris. There the colonel paid addreſs to a popiſh lady, declared himſelf a catholic, and ſucceeded. His wife (the proteſtant lady) inconſolable, her friends brought the affair before the parliament of ———; it was carried againſt the proteſtants, and the firſt marriage diſannulled. The popiſh lady being preſent at the trial, heard ſuch things of her new huſband, that ſhe fled from him, and caſt herſelf into a religious houſe to live no more with him. He is ſcorned by all the officers of the army, and the king of France was heard to ſay, after the affair was related to him, "*There's a great rogue! He deſerves to have been caſt into a dungeon for life.*" The firſt lady being courted by a very wealthy Dutch merchant, accepted the offer, and ſo prevented her proteſtant relations from bringing her affair before the king.

"With reſpect to our brethren in France, I think I informed you of the bad ſucceſs of the law ſuit of Mrs. de Bombelles. But we do not perceive that it has had any fatal influence upon the whole body of proteſtants, for in the ſouth they are very quiet. Their meetings are private, their worſhip not interrupted. Even the roman catholics ſeem to cultivate with them a concord and fraternity, for the miniſters walk publicly without any interruption; nay, they aſſociate with Romiſh clergy, whoſe hatred ſeems conſiderably abated. In Poictou and Normandy, they have not ſuch a liberty or indulgence; no public meetings but in deſart places, no ſort of temples as in the ſouth, and the miniſters dare not appear. Beſides, they are very few, though their ſtocks are very numerous. One Mr. Brocard was lately choſen paſtor to one of their churches, a man of parts, but was ſoon arreſted by the intendant, who aſked him what he was; he declared ingeniouſly that he was a proteſtant miniſter, whereupon he was ſent to priſon, where he was decently treated. However, notice was given of it to court, in order to know the king's intentions about him. Yeſterday I received a letter with the news of Mr. Brocard's being ſet at liberty, which I have already communicated to ſome of his brethren, and will, I hope, be to you all great matter of praiſes to the Almighty. The number of proteſtants in France, is computed to be 4,700,000 ſouls, which is twice as many as they were at the repeal of the edict at Nantz, and the encreaſe is thought to be owing to the expulſion of the jeſuits."

NEW HAVEN (Connecticut) *March* 7.

At a legal town meeting of the inhabitants at the ſtate houſe in this town yeſterday, after mature deliberation on the preſent alarming ſituation this colony is involved in by extending their juriſdiction over the Suſquehannah lands, &c. the following votes were paſſed by a very great majority: Voted, that it is the opinion of this town that this colony's extending their juriſdiction over thoſe lands lying weſt of New York, on the Suſquehanah river, and challenged by Mr. Penn, as being within his patent, without firſt proſecuting his claim before his majeſty in council (the only proper place of deciſion) will be tedious, expenſive, and of dangerous tendency. Voted, that colonel Leveret Hubbard, Meſſieurs Adam Babcock, and Edward Carrington, be a committee to repair to Middletown, on the laſt Wedneſday of March inſtant, and confer with ſuch gentlemen as may be appointed by other towns, and then and there draw up a ſuitable petition and remonſtrance, to be preſented to the honourable general aſſembly, to be held at Hartford in May next, on the premiſes, and make report to this town at their next meeting. Voted, that this meeting be adjourned till the next freeman's meeting, on the 11th of April next, at two o'clock, P. M.

NEWPORT, *March* 7.

Extract of a letter from St. Euſtatia, *dated* February 2.

"Laſt week paſſed by here Admiral Parry, in the Chatham, with four frigates and one tender, in their way to Tortola. It is reported they are going to take poſſeſſion of Crab Iſland, near Porto Rico. It has been reported, this day, that a man of war is to be ſtationed at Tortola, to keep a watchful eye on the trade, and that either a tender or a ſhip will be ſtationed to cruize round the iſland of St. Croix."

NEW YORK, *March* 17.

The honourable houſe of aſſembly have paſſed a bill to affix an equal value on Jerſey paper currency in this province to that for which it is emitted and paſſes in that colony. Should it receive the aſſent of government the following alterations will take place:

Jersey bills of	Preſent currency.	Future currency.
ſix pounds,	6 10 0	6 8 0
three pounds,	3 5 0	3 4 0
thirty ſhillings,	1 12 6	1 12 0
fifteen ſhillings,	0 16 3	0 16 0

And bills of inferior value in proportion to the above arrangement. The penalty on offending againſt this propoſed law is to be the forfeiture of the whole ſum offered in payment, and the act to take place on the firſt day of next May.

It is ſaid that the honourable houſe of aſſembly of Jerſey propoſe to iſſue one hundred thouſand pounds in paper currency, to be let out in loans at 5 per cent.

Orders are received from the earl of Dartmouth to prevent the paſſing any more bills for the naturalization of foreigners in the colonies.

Captain Lowndes, from St. Croix, but laſt from Turk's Iſland, which he left the 13th ult. informs maſters of veſſels bound to the northward of Cape Hatteras, in the winter ſeaſon, and eſpecially thoſe that fall in about the cape, and are any wiſe ſhort of proviſions, that in lat. 35, 46, and about the longitude of the cape, there is a large muſcle bank intermixed with cockles and ſmall pebbles, lying in 50 fathoms water, and abounds with ſundry fiſh, ſuch as ſea baſs, ſea trout, flounders, ſkate, tuſk, and dogfiſh. The ſea baſs here are very remarkable with reſpect to their largeneſs, generally weighing from four to ſix pounds each, and upon an average twenty to the hundred weight. Captain Lowndes hath filled two barrels upon this bank in the ſpace of two hours, with only three lines and three hooks, and makes no doubt if he had applied two hooks to each line he might have caught double the quantity. This place alſo abounds with great quantities of a kind of fiſh, ſuppoſed to be the over-grown blue fiſh, in catching of which a perſon muſt be very particular, taking care that his tackling be good; for that fiſh are remarkably ſtrong and ſmart, and generally weigh from 30 to 35 pounds each. He has loſt here four or five lines in an hour, and at laſt has been obliged to bend the dipſey line to the inner end of the tow line, and by the means of having length of line, and luffing the veſſel in the wind, has taken the fiſh. No common tow line will hold them, except uſing the foregoing method.

Extract of a letter from London, *dated* January 10.

"Mrs. Wright, the ingenious American, continues to have a great reſort of company of the firſt diſtinction, among whom are ſome of the principal nobility. Her performances are greatly admired; ſhe has as much buſineſs as ſhe can poſſibly go through, and is in a fair way of making an ample fortune. Her frankneſs and humour are generally pleaſing, and, without giving the leaſt offence to the greateſt people, ſhe indulges herſelf in the utmoſt freedom of ſpeech, eſpecially in the rights and liberty of the American colonies, and in advantageous repreſentations of them and their inhabitants. She has been much favoured by the king and queen, who have frequently honoured her with their preſence and familiar converſation; and his majeſty has ſat ſeveral times for her to take his likeneſs. The figures of general Monckton and the counteſs of Huntington, lately ſent over for New York, by captain Winn, are allowed to be ſtriking repreſentations of their preſent likeneſſes. The firſt of theſe perſonages is entitled to the higheſt eſteem and reſpect of the colonies, on account of his warm and ſteady attachment to their intereſt; and the laſt is remarkable for her piety and general benevolence of heart."

AMSTERDAM, *January* 3.

THE laſt letters from Madrid give a moſt melancholy deſcription of the town of Guantimala. They ſay that the wretched inhabitants are diſperſed in the fields without ſubſiſtence, or even a drop of water to quench their thirſt, inaſmuch as the ſhocks of the earthquake had ſtopped up the aqueducts and fountains, and rendered the roads totally impaſſable. The damage cauſed by this diſaſter is eſtimated at 40 millions, that is to ſay, that ſuch a ſum will at leaſt be required to put every thing upon the antient footing.

RATISBON, *November* 22. In order to put a ſtop to duelling, the elector of Bavaria has iſſed out an edict, pronouncing death to any one who ſhall either give or receive a challenge; likewiſe all perſons who ſhall know of any ſuch tranſaction in agitation, without reporting the ſame to the ſtates, ſhall be puniſhed; by which means he hopes to put an end to that European barbarity within his dominions.

LONDON, *January* 10.

Notwithſtanding the tender age and ſlender allowance of his royal highneſs the prince of Wales, we are aſſured he has a little ſtring of penſioners whom he conſtantly relieves, and who have taſted in a peculiar manner of his bounty, in the preſent feſtivity.

Lord Bute has been ſome time indiſpoſed, and ſtill continues ſo, at Luton, in Bedfordſhire.

A gentleman juſt arrived from Guernſey informs us that great preparations are making by the French, in all their ſea ports, in fitting out ſhips to be ſent out early in the ſeaſon for the cod fiſhery at Newfoundland.

It is confidently reported, at the weſt end of the town, that the king of Poland is expected in England ſome time next month.

They write from Venice that three of their nobles are taken up again on ſuſpicion of high treaſon; one of them is count M———.

The grand ſignior has never once, during the courſe of the war between him and the empreſs of Ruſſia, expreſſed his diſapprobation of the conduct of the court of Great Britain towards him; on the contrary, we are told, his ſublime highneſs has more than once expreſſed his acknowledgments to a great perſonage, by preſents, for kindneſſes received.

Letters from Paris inform us that on the 13th inſtant, at eight in the evening, two noblemen, on leaving the Italian comedy, immediately drew in the ſtreet, in which one of them received a wound in his breaſt, of which he died an hour after in a houſe into which he was carried. He proved to be the ſon of the marquis de Gamache, lately deceaſed. He was aged 21 years, and was lately married to mademoiſelle de Maugiren. He told the commiſſary of the police, who had been called in, that he himſelf having been the aggreſſor, and having provoked his antagoniſt to draw, deſired no more might be ſaid about it.

One Remington, now in St. George's hoſpital, has undertaken for 500l. to live ſeven years in a cave, in Mr. Hamilton's garden, near Cobham, in Surry; during which time no perſon is to ſee him except Mr. Hamilton. He is to have all the neceſſaries of life, but is not to be ſhaved, nor to cut his nails or his hair during the whole time.

January 19. It is poſitively ſaid, at the weſt end of the town, that the duke of Glouceſter will make his appearance at St. James's on her majeſty's birth day; for it is aſſured, through his majeſty's tender mediation, a coalition has within theſe two days commenced between the royal brothers; in conſequence of which the duke of Cumberland is expected in England as ſoon as the weather will permit him to travel, and his town and country houſes are preparing accordingly for his reception; all which is hoped to be authentic, as nothing would gladden the hearts of Engliſhmen more than to behold a union between the king and his neareſt kindred.

The affairs of America, it is now ſaid, will not be taken up by parliament till the ſeſſions are pretty far advanced.

The Hero, captain Bunce, belonging to Carolina, is cut off by the negroes at Domel, near Goree, on the coaſt of Africa.

January 21. Lord viſcount Pitt, ſon to the earl of Chatham, is to embark next month for North America, to make the tour of the Britiſh colonies on that continent.

The committee of North American merchants are expected to preſent a petition at the bar of the lower houſe ſome time this week, on affairs of the utmoſt importance to the intereſt of the colonies.

A plan has been offered for new modelling the Engliſh drama, by altering all the exceptionable paſſages in many of the acting plays, and rejecting ſome entirely, whereby our theatrical entertainments will be rendered both more moral and more rational.

The new tragedy coming out at Drury Lane is not written by Dr. Franklin, as it was reported, but by colonel Dow, now in the Eaſt Indies.

In Holland, it is ſaid, that bills are certainly received for the diſcharge of the Sileſia loan, both principal and intereſt, advanced by the ſubjects of the States.

Extract of a letter from Warſaw, *dated* December 29.

"Since the Pruſſian troops have left the diſtrict of Poſen, Grieſen, and Syradia, the delegates begin to feel the reſentment of the oppreſſed ſubjects, as ſeveral eſtates belonging to the delegates were ſet on fire, and conſiderable damage was done thereby; for which reaſon captain Michelſon, with a regiment of Coſſacks, was ſent thither to guard theſe provinces from any further inſult."

Extract of a letter from Venice, *dated* December 13.

"There have juſt arrived here the following Ruſſian ſhips of war, under the command of rear admiral Duraſche, viz. the Petrowitz of 40 guns, the Archangel of 26, and the Moſcow of 20; they were appointed by admiral Spiritow, to ſail from Sciros, and cruize in the Adriatic againſt ſome Turkiſh veſſels he had intelligence of there. In the Gulph of Lepanto they came up with four large ſhips belonging to the Turks, when, after a ſhort engagement, the Ruſſians took two of them, and the others eſcaped. The prizes are now here and very richly laden."

January 22. The laſt letters from Paris adviſe that orders have been ſent to the officers of all the regiments in the ſervice of France to provide themſelves with field equipages without delay, and to be in readineſs to march upon the firſt notice. A very little time will ſhew whether this news is to be depended upon.

A correſpondent ſays the celebrated JUNIUS is at laſt diſcovered to be the reverend Philip R——gen. He was originally a great acquaintance of Mr. Horne's, and a cotemporary of his at Cambridge. Mr. R——gen was there celebrated, above all others, for his claſſical abilities. Mr. R——gen was in London during the whole time of Junius's publications, for a conſiderable time before, and ever ſince he has been abroad. He is now reſident at Orleans in France, where he cuts a very conſpicuous appearance, having married a beautiful and accompliſhed young lady, ſiſter of the celebrated Mrs. G——r; nor does he make it any ſecret, where he reſides, that he is the author of Junius.

January 26. A letter from the Lower Elbe, dated January 13, ſays: "The inſurrections in Ruſſia is at preſent the topic of every converſation. It ſeems to have happened in the moſt critical time, when freſh troops were greatly wanted; but by this unhappy event they

are not only disabled from raising any new troops, but have been obliged to recal many regiments that were upon their march for Moldavia, and the troops which were cantoned about Warsaw have received sudden orders to march for Petersburg. It is suspected that many of the principal men in the empire will lay hold of this opportunity, and that a total revolution will be the consequence of it. In the mean time couriers to Vienna, Berlin, and Copenhagen, from Petersburg, are more frequent than ever, and the current reports are very disagreeable."

By the accounts from Bristol of their last year's importation of sugars from the West Indies, it appears to have been 20,000 hogsheads, which are 5000 more than ever was introduced into that port in any one preceding year.

Extract of a letter from Paris, *dated* January 17.

" It is very positively asserted that orders are given to all our regiments to hold themselves in readiness to take the field upon the earliest notice, and that an army of 100,000 men will be assembled upon the Rhine in the spring."

January 27. One of the morning papers says: "The cause of the late commotions in Russia is owing to the appearance of the czarina's husband, real or pretended we know not, as that monarch was said to have been degraded and died in confinement. The report, however, is credited at the west end of the town."

The money lying in the exchequer on the 5th of this month, arising from the surpluses of the sinking fund, amounted to 137,000l. which, it is said, will be appropriated towards making good the supply granted for the present year.

By a private letter just received from Paris we are informed that the French king is so ill that his life is despaired of.

It was confidently reported at the Hague, when the last letters came from thence, that a new congress was appointed for negociating a peace between the Russians and Turks.

WILLIAMSBURG, *April* 7.

Marriages. Mr. EMMANUEL JONES to Miss MOLLY MEKIN, of Gloucester county.

TREASURY OFFICE, March 16, 1774.

THE *several* Inspectors, and all other Persons whatever, *who are in Arrear to the Treasury, are desired to discharge their respective Balances in the Course of the approaching General Court*, without fail, *as no Indulgencies can be given.*

RO. C. NICHOLAS, Treasurer.

PLANK *and* SCANTLING

TO be sold by the subscriber, at his sawmill, near Aylett's warehouse, on Mattapony river, upon the most reasonable terms, and of the following kinds, viz. white oak, black walnut, sweet gum, ash, poplar, birch (which makes elegant furniture) best yellow heart pine for flooring (and clear of heart and sap, if required) common high land, and slash ditto, for other uses. A reasonable credit will be allowed, or European or West India goods received in payment. I shall prepare several sets of plank and scantling for erecting Hobday's wheat machines, which, or any other kind of plank or scantling, I can send to Norfolk, or to any part of York river. Orders, which may come by the post to the postoffice at Aylett's, will be duly complied with. I have also for sale a quantity of excellent MADEIRA WINE, of the London and New York qualities, in hogsheads and quarter casks, on twelve months credit, and will receive corn or wheat in payment.

tf WILLIAM AYLETT.

To be SOLD, together or in parcels,

THAT fertile and well timbered tract of LAND, lying in Princess Anne county, known by the name of GIBBS's WOODS, whereon are several settlements, and whereof Jeremiah Tinker, esquire, grandson of the late governor Gibbs now stands seized, under the deed of gift of his mother, the daughter and heiress of the said governor Gibbs. Persons inclining to purchase may be informed of the terms by applying to Mr. James Parker, merchant in Norfolk, or to Edward Foy, in Williamsburg, who will give an undoubted title. tf

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To be SOLD, to the highest bidder, on Thursday the 5th day of May ensuing, if fair, if not, the next fair day, at the late dwellinghouse of James Buchanan, deceased, at Cabin Point,

ALL the personal estate, consisting of several fine horses, a good stock of cattle, sheep, hogs, utensils of husbandry, and valuable household furniture. Also, at the same time and place, will be sold, fourteen very likely NEGROES, belonging to the partnership of James Buchanan and Thomas Simmons, deceased, late merchants and partners. Twelve months credit will be allowed for all sums above twenty five shillings, on giving bond, with approved security, to bear interest from the date, unless discharged by the 15th of May, 1775.

HENRY SIMMONS, } administrators.
BENJAMIN SIMMONS, }

4 *** All persons who have any demands against the partnership of Buchanan and Simmons, or against the estate of James Buchanan, are desired to make them known immediately, that due regard may be paid to the dignity of the debts; and those indebted are requested to be speedy in discharging their several balances.

ESSEX county, April 2, 1774.

IN consequence of the death of Mr. James Campbell of Essex, who was acting attorney for Messieurs John, William, and James M'Call, M'Call and Elliott, and M'Call, Elliott, and Snodgrass, in the business formerly under the management of Mr. William Snodgrass, we have received from his executors the books and papers of said companies, and have put them into the hands of Mr. James Gordon to collect. We therefore earnestly request all indebted to those concerns to pay off immediately, as no further indulgence can be given. Mr. James Gordon will reside in Tappahannock, and will attend Essex, Middlesex, Gloucester, and King and Queen courts.

ARCHIBALD M'CALL,
6 JOHN SNODGRASS.

WILLIAMSBURG, April 5, 1774.

ALL persons who have any demands against the subscriber are desired to make them known by the last of the ensuing general court, as he expects to leave this city by that time. JOHN BURGESS.

To be let, to the lowest bidder, at Hanover town, on Wednesday the 25th of May next, pursuant to an order of the vestry of St. Paul's parish,

THE building of a large, commodious BRICK CHURCH, in the lower part of the said parish. Those inclinable to become undertakers are desired to produce plans, that the vestry may chuse which they think best. Five hundred pounds will be paid down, and the future payments will be made known and agreed upon at the day of letting. Bond and approved security will be required of the undertaker for his performance in building the same.

3 BENJAMIN ANDERSON, } churchwardens.
THOMAS GARLAND, }

YORK town, April 1, 1774.

THE subscribers, who have for some years past kept the ferry established at this place, and experienced the inconvenience and loss that attend making accounts of ferriages, take this method of desiring those gentlemen who cross to pay their ferriages at the SWAN tavern, as it has been of infinite loss to the subscribers their paying the negroes; and also assures them, that the ferry shall be kept inferior to none in the colony.

JANET MITCHELL,
MARY GIBBONS.

ELKANAH DEANE,

COACHMAKER,

AT HIS SHOP IN PALACE STREET,

WILLIAMSBURG,

MAKES all kinds of coaches, chariots, postchaises, phætons, curricles, chairs, and chaises, with harness of every sort. Carriages of every kind are repaired, painted, and japanned, in the best manner, and on the most reasonable terms, for cash. Gentlemen or ladies residing in the country, by sending their commands to said Deane, may depend on being well used, and their commands executed with the greatest care and dispatch. He returns his unfeigned thanks to those gentlemen and ladies who have favoured him with their custom, and is determined to make it his study to please all who are kind enough to employ him.——Being in want of a few more JOURNEYMEN, he will give the following prices, provided they are good hands; For every chair body, single or double, according to my directions, I will give four pounds, for every chair carriage eighteen shillings, for every pair of wheels twenty two shillings, and so in proportion for all other work. I would willingly take two or three apprentices who have been genteelly brought up, and tolerably educated; no others need apply.——Said Deane has some choice brandy, gin, rum, and several kind of cordials; such as annised water, orange ditto, clove ditto, all fours, cherry brandy, and raspberry ditto; all which he will dispose of on reasonable terms, for cash, to those who will take a quantity.

RUN away from Forceput two convict servant women, imported in the Success's Increase last December, which are supposed to have made towards Norfolk, in order to get on board the said ship, as one of them was kept by the second mate, who parted with her with much reluctance, and the other was connected with a silversmith who came passenger, and lives in Norfolk, and who would have married her if her temper had not been too disagreeable; her name is Susanna Ball, is a small woman, of a thin visage, has black hair, and has on a new pompadour gown, quilted coat, stays, leather pumps, and a black sattin hat; she took with her an old green gown, brown quilted coat, check, white, blue, and brown linen aprons, coloured handkerchiefs, linen and muslin caps, worsted and thread stockings. The other is called Anne Ellis, a full faced, lusty woman, of a ruddy complexion, has black hair, and is much addicted to swearing; had on, and took with her, a black stuff gown, callico gown, and bed gown, a black petticoat, check and brown linen aprons, Virginia shoes, with leather heels, and worsted stockings. She has both gold and silver with her. Whoever will deliver the above women at Forceput, about six miles from Fredericksburg, shall receive FIVE POUNDS, or one of the women, if the money is not paid in twenty four hours after demand. B. GRYMES.

COMMITTED to the gaol of Prince George two Virginia born negro women; one of which says her name is MILLY, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 1 inch high, of a yellow complexion, and has on a striped holland waistcoat, Virginia cloth petticoat, old black quilt, and oznabrig shift; she says she belongs to Mrs. Posey. The other says her name is BETTY, about 5 feet 3 inches high, 23 years old, of a yellow complexion, and has on a Virginia cloth gown, white dimity and striped Virginia cloth petticoats, and oznabrig shift; she says she belongs to John Moss. The owners are desired to pay charges, and take them away. The GAOLER.

COMMITTED to the gaol of Prince George two Virginia born negro men; one of which says his name is JACOB, about 30 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, and says he belongs to Mrs. Tucker, and was hired to John Cole; has on a negro cotton waistcoat and breeches, and oznabrig shirt. The other is about 25 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, says his name is STEPHEN, has on white plaid breeches, blue plaid jacket, and oznabrig shirt, and says he likewise belongs to Mrs. Tucker. The owners are desired to pay charges, and take them away. The GAOLER.

TAKEN up, in Augusta, near Rockfish Gap, a grey stallion colt, 2 years old, about 12 hands high, no brand perceivable, paces and trots, and had on a large bell. Posted, and appraised to 3l.

JAMES M'CLURE.

To be SOLD, altogether, or in parcels,

ONE thousand acres of LAND, in Chesterfield county, within one mile of the town of Manchester; also three very valuable PLANTATIONS, in Cumberland county. For terms apply to

JOHN MAYO.

NORFOLK, March 20, 1774.

THE copartnery of the subscribers will expire the 10th of next month. As we have a great number of outstanding debts on our books, we hope all concerned, upon application, will discharge their accounts, or give bond.——Our healths being so much impaired as to render us incapable of giving the attendance we would wish, we have taken Mr. William Foushee into partnership, and propose to carry on the business to its usual extent. We shall be much obliged to our friends for a continuance of their favours.

RAMSAY & TAYLOR.

To be let, to the lowest bidder, on Monday the 4th of April, if fair, if not, the next fair day, at the glebe of Cameron parish,

SOME repairs to a barn, the building of a necessary house, and an addition to the said glebe, agreeable to the following plan: The present building is 28 feet long, and 20 feet wide, and the addition is to consist of two wings, 32 feet wide, and 20 feet long, each, extending in width, beyond both back and front of the present building, six feet, so as to form a piaza to each side, 28 feet long, and 6 feet wide. Each wing is to have one room of 20 by 11, and two others 14 by 10, each with fireplaces. There is to be a cellar under one wing, and the whole is to be included under one roof. Those who incline to undertake may, by applying to the Reverend Spence Grayson, rector of the said parish, any time before the letting it, be supplied with a plan, specifying particulars, both with respect to the materials of which it is to be built, and the manner in which it is to be executed. Good security will be expected from the undertaker; and fifty pounds will be paid when raising the frame.

Colchester, March 20, 1774. GEORGE SUMMERS, BENJAMIN MASON, } churchwardens.

Mrs. RIND,

THE public have, no doubt, been made acquainted with my having been charged and tried before an examining court in Richmond county, for stealing a slave, the property of Bailey Settle; and although I was acquitted by the unanimous opinion of the court, it may be necessary to publish the following facts, which I beg you will do, to shew upon what foundation I was so charged. I am, Madam, your humble servant,

MOORE BRAGG.

The following is a true copy of the writ, and felonious charge, exhibited against me by Bailey Settle, and this accusation prosecuted without the prosecutor being present; and I thereupon condemned to imprisonment for twenty four days.

Richmond, to wit.

GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c. To our sheriff of our county of Richmond, and to all constables, and all and singular our bailiffs and ministers, in the same county, greeting; Forasmuch as Bailey Settle, of the said county, hath come before William Brockenbrough, gentleman, one of our justices, assigned to keep our peace within the said county, and hath made oath, that between the hours of ten in the morning, and six in the afternoon, of Monday the 7th day of this month, was stolen away, as he verily believes, from his plantation, a Negro woman slave named Winny, then and there being, which Negro slave is about 14 or 15 years of age, pretty well grown of her age, and that he has good reason to believe that Benjamin Bragg, and Moore Bragg, did steal the said Negro away, we command you to apprehend the bodies of the said Benjamin Bragg, and Moore Bragg, and bring them before the said William Brockenbrough, or some other of our justices, assigned to keep the peace in the county aforesaid, to be disposed of, and dealt withal, according to law. Witness the said William Brockenbrough, at Mount Airy, in the county aforesaid, the 8th day of February, in the 14th year of our reign, 1774.

WILLIAM BROCKENBROUGH.

Summon JESSE THORNTON, *witness for the King.*

The examination of Moore Bragg, taken before me, John Belfield, one of his Majesty's justices of the peace for the county of Richmond, on the 11th day of February, 1774.

THIS examinant saith, that in his way to Richmond court, on Monday last, he called at Bailey Settle's, with his brother Benjamin Bragg, who claimed a Negro woman slave, whom he called Winny, and carried her away from the said Bailey Settle's; but this examinant did not concern in the affair, and that Jesse Thornton was present. Taken before me this 11th day of February, 1774. JOHN BELFIELD.

The examination of Jesse Thornton, a witness for our sovereign lord the King, against Moore Bragg, taken before me, John Belfield, one of his Majesty's justices of the peace for the county of Richmond, on the 11th day of February, 1774.

THIS examinant, being first sworn, saith, that on Monday last he went to Moore Bragg's, where Benjamin Bragg was, and that he returned home, in order to get ready to go to Richmond court, and that in his way to court he met with the said Benjamin Bragg, on the road; between which place and Bailey Settle's, he the said Benjamin Bragg desired him the said Jesse Thornton, and the said Moore Bragg, to call with him at the said Bailey Settle's, as witnesses, for that he claimed a Negro there as his property; that when they went to Bailey Settle's house, the said Settle was not at home; that the said Benjamin Bragg went to where the Negroes were at work, and in a little time returned with a Negro wench, which he said was his property, and desired him the said Jesse Thornton, and Moore Bragg, to bear witness that he took the said Negro as his property; that the said Benjamin Bragg carried the said Negro away with him; and this deponent adds, that the said Moore Bragg had no concern in his brother's taking the said Negro away. And further this examinant saith not.

JESSE THORNTON.

LENT to ſome of my acquaintance, or loſt; Dr. BEATTIE ON TRUTH, and REID ON THE HUMAN MIND. Any perſon who has either of thoſe books will oblige me by informing the printer thereof, or returning them to me. The name at the bottom of the coat of arms denotes the owner.

RALPH WORMELEY, junior.

WARWICK, March 4, 1774.

I INTEND leaving the colony about the 1ſt of May next. All perſons who have had dealings with me on account of Meſſieurs James and Robert Donald and company are requeſted to come and have their reſpective balances aſcertained. The debts due that company, formerly collected by me, will be left in the management of Mr. Robert Donald, their partner and attorney.

PATRICK HUNTER.

THE claimants in the patent granted to Mr. John Savage and others, who were with Colonel George Waſhington at the battle of the Meadows, for 28,627 acres of land, on the Great Sandy creek, a bank of the Ohio, were adverti ſed to meet on the 5th of March at Wincheſter, where a majority of the ſaid claimants met, and agreed to have another meeting on the 20th of May next, on the premiſes. Therefore it is expected no claimant will fail attending at the time and place, in order that a proper diviſion may be made of ſaid land, and charges paid.

CHARLES SMITH.

IT is requeſted of all perſons who have any demands againſt the eſtate of Stafford Gibbs, or Anne Gibbs, of Warwick county, deceaſed, that they make them known by the 1ſt day of May, and receive payment, as the eſtate will then be ſettled. Thoſe who are indebted to the ſaid eſtate are deſired to make ſpeedy payment to

2* WILLIAM GIBBS, adminiſtrator.

THE partnerſhip of Richard and Parke Goodall being diſſolved on the 22d of this inſtant, March, all perſons indebted thereto are deſired to pay their reſpective balances to Parke Goodall.

2§ RICHARD GOODALL.

*** All perſons indebted to Richard and Parke Goodall for GOODS ſold in the year 1772 are hereby deſired to pay their reſpective balances to Richard Goodall.

PARKE GOODALL.

KING HEROD

STANDS at Roſegill, and will cover mares at FOUR POUNDS the ſeaſon. Thoſe who ſend mares muſt ſend the money, otherwiſe they ſhall not be left. The valuable qualities, and the pedigree, of this horſe, are ſufficiently notorious.

RALPH WORMELEY, junior.

LOST, between Williamſburg and the college landing, a SILVER WATCH, with a China plate, and ſteel chain; ſhe has a coarſe ſeal, with a red ſtone in it; maker's name BAST, London, No. 697. Twenty ſhillings reward will be given to any perſon who will deliver the ſaid watch to Mr. Joſeph Morrow, at Mrs. Rind's printing-office, who will pay the money on the delivery of the ſame.

STRAYED, or ſtolen, from the ſubſcriber, in Northampton county, North Carolina, on the 25th of January laſt, a large horſe, about 4 feet 11 inches high, branded on the near buttock C P, has a large ſcar about the middle of his back, paces a good travelling gait, his colour reſembles a cheſnut ſorrel, and moſt people call him a *bald eagle*; his feet, mane and tail are white. Any perſon that will bring the ſaid horſe to Northampton courthouſe, or give any certain intelligence of him, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS reward.

JAMES WINBORNE.

RUN away from my ſlat, about three weeks ago, a Mulatto fellow named ABNER; the cloaths which he carried with him conſiſted of a great coat and jacket of duffil, a brown beaver coating waiſtcoat with ſleeves, but no lining, two new osnabrig ſhirts, yarn hoſe, and Virginia made ſhoes. His cloaths are exceeding good, being nearly new. He is apt to be quarreſſome when in liquor, to which he is much addicted, has had both ears cropped, and is rather ſlim made. As he has been frequently at Norfolk, and has gone many years by water, it is probable he may endeavour to make his eſcape by paſſing for a free man. All maſters of veſſels are hereby forewarned from carrying him out of the colony. I will give FIVE POUNDS to any perſon who conveys him to me, at Warwick.

JAMES FAIRLIE.

TAKEN up, in Suſſex, on the Three Creeks, a red cow, marked with an overkeel in the right ear, and two nicks in the underſide of the left, has a ſtar in her forehead, ſome white on her neck, and ſeveral white places under her belly and between her hind legs, her tail mixed with white, has a white ſpot on the top of her rump, about 5 or 6 years old, and of a middle ſize. Poſted, and appraiſed to 1l. 10s. LEWIS THORP.

TAKEN up, in Louiſa, a bay horſe, about 5 years old, 4 feet 9 or 10 inches high, a ſtar in his forehead, ſhod all round, and branded on the near ſhoulder P. C. Appraiſed to 8l. JOSEPH HOLT.

ON Friday the 22d of April, at the new church near Pohick, in Truro pariſh, Fairfax county, will be let, by the veſtry of the ſaid pariſh, to the loweſt bidder, the building of a BRICK VESTRY HOUSE, twenty four feet long, and eighteen feet wide; the incloſing of the ſaid churchyard to be one hundred and fifty eight feet ſquare, with poſts and rails, the poſts to be of ſawed cedar, and the rails of yellow pine, clear of ſap; with three handſome paliſade gates. The whole to be done in the neateſt and moſt ſubſtantial manner.

G. MASON,
4* THOMAZIN ELLZEY, } churchwardens.

AS there are many debts outſtanding in the books kept by Meſſieurs Young and Smith until the 1ſt of March 1771, and ſince by Meſſieurs Young and Pook, at Peterſburg and Norfolk, this is to deſire all perſons who have any account open there to make immediate payment to me, at Peterſburg, as I ſhall attend there until April for that purpoſe; and for the convenience of ſuch as are indebted, I will take tobacco, corn, or wheat. Such perſons as do not ſettle immediately may expect that ſuits will be commenced without exception, as great indulgence has been already given.

EDWARD MIRFIELD.

To be SOLD on the premiſes, on Monday the 18th of April, if fair, otherwiſe next fair day,

THE ſubſcriber's HOUSES and LOTS in the town of Tappahannock, which are ſo well known for their convenience and agreeable ſituation, on the river bank, that a farther deſcription would be needleſs; ſeveral NEGROES, among which are ſome exceeding good cooks, laundry and houſe ſervants, and a valuable Negro ſkipper, that is well acquainted with the bay and rivers, and has had the charge of veſſels for a number of years; likewiſe all the HOUSHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE, a number of HORSES, among them a pair of large young bright bay northward carriage horſes, &c. Two years credit, or more, will be allowed for the houſes and lots, on paying the intereſt yearly, and giving bond with approved ſecurity; and twelve months credit on the other articles, the purchaſers giving bond and approved ſecurity; and if not diſcharged when they become due, to bear intereſt from the date. All that do not purchaſe above 25s. to pay ready money.—As the ſubſcriber will leave the colony before long, all perſons who have any demands againſt him are deſired to bring them in, that they may be ſettled; and thoſe who are indebted are requeſted to make immediate payment, and it being now near four years ſince he left off ſtorekeeping on his private account, they can expect no farther indulgence.

ARCHIBALD M'CALL.

To be SOLD, to the higheſt bidder, on the 10th of April next, on the premiſes, altogether or in parcels, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers,

A TRACT of LAND, lying in Orange county, within two miles of the courthouſe, containing upwards of 1700 acres, known by the name of Morton's Quarter, a conſiderable quantity of which is of the beſt mountain quality, and abounds with large quantities of limeſtone. An indiſputable title will be made, and the credit known, at the day of ſale. The ſaid land is ſubject to the dower of a very antient lady.

GEORGE PAYNE,
NEWMAN B. BARNES,
ROBERT B. PAYNE.

GODOLPHIN,

A FULL blooded horſe, by FEARNOUGHT, out of an imported mare, will ſtand this ſeaſon at Mr. Richard Taylor's, near Peterſburg, to cover mares, at TWENTY SHILLINGS the leap, or THREE POUNDS the ſeaſon, payable in October next. Thoſe gentlemen who are inclined to ſend mares may be aſſured that the greateſt care will be taken of them; but I will not be anſwerable for any that ſhall get away.

GEORGE BAYLOR.

WILLIAMSBURG, March 1, 1774.

THE *ſeveral ſheriffs in arrear for his Majeſty's quitrents are requeſted to make full payment at the enſuing* April *court; and as it is my duty to enforce a ſpeedy collection of this revenue, it is hoped that thoſe againſt whom judgments have been already obtained will attend to this notice.*

RICHARD CORBIN, D. R. G.

YORK town, June 9, 1773.

THE ſubſcribers being very ſolicitous to comply with the will of their teſtator, the late Honourable William Nelſon, deſire that all perſons who were indebted to him will endeavour to make as ſpeedy payments as poſſible. Thoſe who have accounts open on his books, and who cannot immediately diſcharge the balances, are deſired to give their bonds. This requeſt is the more neceſſary, as moſt of the legacies bequeathed by the teſtator are to be paid in ſterling money, and he has directed that his younger ſons fortunes ſhall be placed out at intereſt upon undoubted ſecurities, ſo ſoon as it can be done. Thoſe who have any demands are deſired to make them immediately known.

THOMAS NELSON, | HUGH NELSON,
THOMAS NELSON, jun. | RO. C. NICHOLAS.

FOR SALE,

SIX hundred acres of very good LAND, in Prince George county, within two miles of James river, and eight of Peterſburg, is well timbered, abounds with a conſiderable quantity of low grounds, through which runs a large ſtream of water, and it is thought a mill might be advantageouſly built on the ſame. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe ſhall have this land at the moderate price of twenty ſhillings an acre.

ELLYSON ARMISTEAD.

THE next meeting of the ſubſcribers to the fund for the relief of the widows and orphans of clergymen is to be held on Saturday the 30th of April next. Officers for the preſent year are the reverend John Camm, treaſurer; the reverend Benjamin Blagrove, Henry Skyring, James Maury Fontaine, Thomas Price, William Bland, and Alexander White, truſtees; the reverend William Leigh, morning preacher; and the reverend John Bracken, afternoon preacher.

JACOB BRUCE, clerk.

GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c. To the ſheriff of Hanover county, greeting: We command you that you ſummon William Muir, Samuel Pearſon, and William Johnſon, to appear before our juſtices of our court of our ſaid county of Hanover, at the courthouſe of the ſaid county, on the firſt Thurſday in next month, to anſwer a bill in chancery, exhibited againſt them in our ſaid court by James Fairlie; and this they ſhall in no wiſe omit, under the penalty of 100l. each. and have then there this writ. Witneſs William Pollard, clerk of our ſaid court, this 21ſt day of December, 1773, in the 14th year of our reign.

WILLIAM POLLARD.

To be SOLD, and entered upon immediately,

A TRACT of LAND containing 1300 acres, more or leſs, on Pianketank river, in Glouceſter county. It is needleſs to be particular about it as it is the ſame I adverti ed laſt year and then gave a full account of it, ſince then I ſold it to John Attway Clarke, of Maryland, but as he refuſes to take it, neceſſity obliges me once more to offer it to the public. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the terms by applying to me in Middleſex. I want part of the money at the meeting of the merchants, and for the remainder I will give reaſonable credit.

tf AUGUSTINE SMITH.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, on Friday the 25th of February, a half Indian fellow who calls himſelf JACK BROWN, and was formerly the property of Colonel John Bolling, of Goochland; he is about 40 years old, 5 feet 6 inches high, is pretty light of the ſort, his noſe is crooked, which appears to have been done by a blow, has loſt ſome of his teeth before, which ſeem to be rotted out, is extremely fond of liquor, ſpeaks very plain and bold, and I imagine will endeavour to paſs for a free man, as he once made an elopement for three yearss, and went under that character. He had on a Negro cotton jacket and breeches, an indifferent ſhirt, and rappers of blue ſtriped ſaddlecloth. All maſters of veſſels are hereby forewarned from taking him out of the colony. Whoever brings him to me, or confines him in any of his Majeſty's gaols, ſo that I get him, ſhall be handſomely rewarded, beſides what the law allows.

6 AUGUSTINE LONGAN.

FOR SALE,

ABOUT twelve thouſand acres of exceeding rich TOBACCO LAND, in Amherſt county, whereon are ſeveral plantations and improvements ſufficient to work forty or fifty hands. There is on this land for ſale a very valuable GRIST MILL, lately built, with a ſtone dam and a pair of good COLOGNE MILL-STONES, which mill has for two years paſt got upwards of 100 barrels of toll corn, and is ſituated on a never failing ſtream. The land will be ſhewn by William Womack, who lives at one of the plantations, and the prices of the land made known by him. One or two years credit will be allowed, intereſt being paid for the ſecond year, and alſo for the firſt, if the money is not paid agreeable to contract. The land is to be laid off and ſurveyed by Colonel William Cabell, at the expence of the purchaſer. Deeds will be made, upon bond and approved ſecurity being given, either to Call, William Cabell, or the ſubſcriber. Six per cent. diſcount will be allowed for ready money, or good merchants notes. If any perſon would chuſe to exchange lands in the lower part of the country, on or near ſome navigable river, that are good, it is more than probable we ſhould agree.

CARTER BRAXTON.

For WHITEHAVEN,

THE ſhip OLIVE, Captain William Barraſs, lies at Broadways, on Appomattox, will ſail early in April, having three fourths of her cargo engaged, can take in about one hundred hogſheads of tobacco, on liberty of conſignment. For terms apply to Mr. Bolling Starke, in Peterſburg, or us at Norfolk.

GREENWOOD, RITSON, & MARSH.

FOR SALE,

SEVERAL valuable tracts of LAND, adjoining each other, or both ſides of Chappawamſick Run, in the counties of Stafford and Prince William, containing 2600 acres, being the ſeat whereon the ſubſcriber formerly reſided. Theſe lands are ſituate four miles above Aquia warehouſes, and four miles below the town of Dumfries, the ſoil of more than half of it exceeding good; there is on it as fine a mill ſeat as any in the colony, upon a large and never failing ſtream. There is a great appearance of iron ore, and a large quantity of white oak and pine timber, a tolerable commodious dwellinghouſe, a great number of convenient outhouſes, good orchards, and ſeveral tenements in order for cropping. There are alſo 200 acres of fine meadow ground, half of which was ſowed in timothy laſt fall and this ſpring. A more particular deſcription will be unneceſſary, as it is preſumed that any perſon inclinable to purchaſe will view the premiſes; and the ſubſcriber earneſtly entreats all ſuch to form their ideas of the value of this eſtate from their own obſervations, and not from any accounts they may receive from others, as there are ſome perſons, who are thought good natured, worthy men, amuſe themſelves with decrying the property of their neighbours, even at the expence of truth, and under the maſk of friendſhip to the perſon injured. And the ſubſcriber is more particular in this caution, as he hath formerly received ſeveral ſevere injuries of that kind from one in that neighbourhood. The above lands are under the incumbrance of two mortgages; the one for a conſiderable ſum, made by the ſubſcriber himſelf, the other for an inconſiderable ſum, made by the perſon of whom he purchaſed one of the ſmall tracts, which mortgages are to be firſt paid out of the money ariſing from the ſale. For terms apply to

THOMSON MASON.

FOR SALE,

THE public STOREHOUSE in that part of the town of Richmond called Shockoes, rented at fifteen pounds a year; the two half acre lots, No. 400 and No. 670, in the ſame town; the valuable lot of one hundred acres of timbered land, near the ſame, known by the deſcription of No. 799; alſo the two half acre lots, No. 116 and No. 267, in the town of Manchester or Rocky Ridge, on the ſouth ſide of the falls of James river. For terms apply to Joſhua Storrs of Richmond, or to the ſubſcriber.

THOMSON MASON.

FOR SALE,

TWO thouſand acres of exceeding fine LAND for tobacco, wheat, or Indian corn, lying on both ſides of Bull Run, in Loudoun and Prince William; about 300 acres of it are rich low ground and meadow land. It lies within 4 miles of two merchant mills, and about 10 miles of two other merchant mills in Loudoun, 30 miles from Colcheſter, Alexandria, and Dumfries. If any perſon or perſons incline to purchaſe the whole, or any part of the ſaid lands, they may be ſhewn them, and know the terms, by applying to Capt. Francis Peyton, in Loudoun county, who has full power to treat for the ſame, or to the ſubſcriber. It may be laid off in lots of two, three, or four hundred acres (as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers) with an equal quantity of low ground and meadow land to each lot.

ROBERT BURWELL.

TAKEN up, in Suſſex, a bay mare, about 4 feet 5 inches high, no perceivable brand, three of her feet white, has a white ſpot on the near ſide of her neck, and a ſmall ſaddle ſpot, ſcaled on the back, has many white hairs on her flanks and about the belly, is docked, and appears to be about 10 or 12 years old. Poſted, and appraiſed to 7l. 10s. AMBROSE GRIZARD.